# Evaluation of Student Engagement Across Differing Introductory-Course Activities

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(Fredrick, Phyllis, & Paris, 2004; Blumenfeld & Meece 1988)

### What is Engagement?



(Lanes & Harris, 2015)

# Types of Engagement

#### Behavioral

- Discussion
- Taking notes
- Participation in activity



#### Cognitive

- Thinking about / focusing on topic
- Connecting to past knowledge
- Creating questions



	Emotional
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- See purpose/ usefulness
- Fun / interesting

(Fredrick, Phyllis, & Paris, 2004)

### **Engagement Importance in Education**



### Increasing Engagement

# Task

Active Learning Problem Based Learning (PBL)

### Engagement

(Blumenfeld & Meece 1988)

#### Active Learning

• Requires inputs from students; higher-order thinking

#### **Problem Based Learning**

 Learner-centered; information inquired; apply knowledge to solve problem

(Meyers & Jones, 1993; John R. Savery 2006)

#### **Needed Research**

- Effectiveness of implementation within classroom
- Factors of specific tasks in specific setting
- Combination of engagement assessments
  - behavioral, cognitive, emotional



- Improve student
   learning experience
- Evidence based improvements
- Resources
  - "more tools in tool box"

(Connell et al., 1994; Rotgans, 2017; Marks, 2000)

### Context

#### Intro Animal Science Historically

- First ANSC Experience
- 100 200 students
- Lecture & Field Trips
- Sets the tone
- "not inspiring"

#### Intro Animal Science Currently

- Active Learning
- Problem-Based
- Group Work
- Field Trips

(Rotgans & Schmidt, 2011)

### Purpose

To compare students' engagement level between three activities typically used in college courses (Lectures, Laboratory Stations, and Case Studies)



#### **Research Questions**

Do students' engagement levels differ between the activities?

Determine and compare to what the extent the different activities influence engagement.

What factors in learning environment and activity design influenced engagement?

### Methods

- 16 Week Course Fall 2018
- Two 50 Minute Lectures /wk
- One 110 Minute Lab /wk
- 178 Students
- IRB Approved
- Mixed Methods







### Methods - Treatments

• Randomly Assigned Latin Square Design

Group #	Period 1 (Week 5)	Period 2 (Week 7)	Period 3 (Week 10)
1	Lecture	Case Study	Lab Station
2	Lab Station	Lecture	Case Study
3	Case Study	Lab Station	Lecture
4	Lecture	Case Study	Lab Station
5	Lab Station	Lecture	Case Study
6	Case Study	Lab Station	Lecture

### Methods – Activities

• 5 Minute Instruction, 10 Minute Activity, 10 Minutes Survey

Lecture	Lab Station	Case Study
<ul> <li>Watched and listened to recorded lecture slides</li> <li>Individual notes optional</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Group work</li> <li>Physically manipulated materials to answer questions</li> <li>Individual worksheet required</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Group work</li> <li>Read and discussed real life scenarios</li> <li>Group worksheet required</li> </ul>

### Methods - Assesment

Assessing Student Perspective of Engagement in Class Tool (ASPECT)

- Validated & Reliable
- Survey Administered via Qualtrics
- 16 Items
- 6-point Likert Scale
  - Strongly Disagree Strongly Agree
- 3 Subscales

(Wiggins, 2017)

### Methods - Assesment

Assessing Student Perspective of Engagement in Class Tool (ASPECT)

- 3 Subscales
  - Value (9 questions)
    - Activities' influence / usefulness/ "fun"
  - Personal effort (3 questions)
    - Student interaction / input
  - Instructor contribution (4 questions)
    - Instructor aid / attitude effect on students

(Wiggins, 2017)

### Methods - Assessments

Behavioral Engagement Related to Instruction (BERI)

- Video taped student activities (10 minutes max)
- 3 research assistants evaluated videos
  - Rated students engaged or disengaged
  - Set time points
  - Never repeated treatment or group evaluation
  - Cohen's kappa > 0.70

(Lanes & Harris, 2015; Landis and Koch, 1977)

# **Statistical Analysis**

- SAS software (SAS Institute Inc., Cary, N.C.)
- Significance p < 0.05



- Least squares means of treatment effect
- MIXED procedure
- Schwarz's Bayesian Information Criteria (BIC) for best fit
- No data were excluded



- Average BERI scores for each experimental activity for each group
- MIXED procedure
- Schwarz's Bayesian Information Criteria (BIC) for best fit
- No data were excluded

#### **Results:**

#### Behavioral Engagement Related to Instruction (BERI)



## **Results:**

#### Assessing Student Perspective of Engagement in Class Tool (ASPECT)





- Individual ASPECT items with significant difference between all activities
  - *p* < 0.05
- Engagement Ratings: Lab Station > Case Study > Lecture
- Emerging Themes
  - Psychological influence- cognition & emotional
  - Group Influence cognition & behavior

(Creswell 2013; Creswwll & Miller 2000)

Results:

Assessing Student Perspective of Engagement in Class Tool (ASPECT)

#### **Psychological Influence**

- I had fun during today's \_\_\_\_\_ activity.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ activity **stimulated my** interest in the course material
- I was focused during today's \_\_\_\_\_ activity

#### **Group Influence**

- I made a valuable contribution to my group today
- Group discussion during the \_\_\_\_\_ activity contributed to my understanding of the course material
- Overall, the other members of my group made valuable contributions during the activity.

# Discussion:





#### Assessments

- Aligns and supports literature
- Pair well together

#### Group Dynamics

- Very influential
  - Helpful or harmful
- Tool to increase enjoyment, achievement, & engagement
  - Role assignments and peer evaluations



#### Challenge Level

- Enjoyment & interest connected to challenge level
  - "Challenging but achievable"

(Strati, 2017; Fredricks, 2002; Meyers & Jones, 1993; John R. Savery 2006)

# Conclusions:







# Take-Aways

- Improve / Refine
  - Purposeful and evidence based
- Assessments able to capture multiple types & levels
  - BERI & ASPECT work well together
- Lab Stations > Case Studies > Lecture
  - Group dynamic
  - Physical materials
  - Make them think

### Limitations

Students have high initial interest

Self selected into course

One semester sample

Caution over generalizing

Limited Time

• Testing effect

