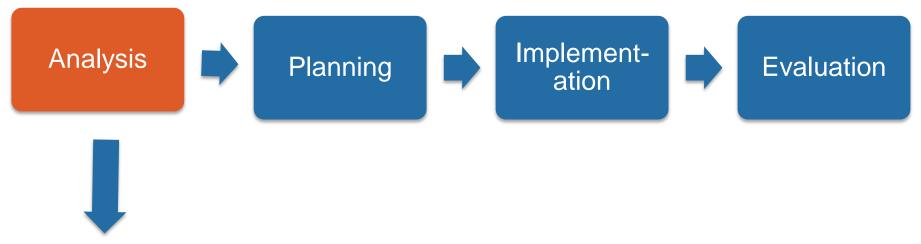
# Promoting novel-shaped agricultural products

Applying the mental models approach in developing message design skills

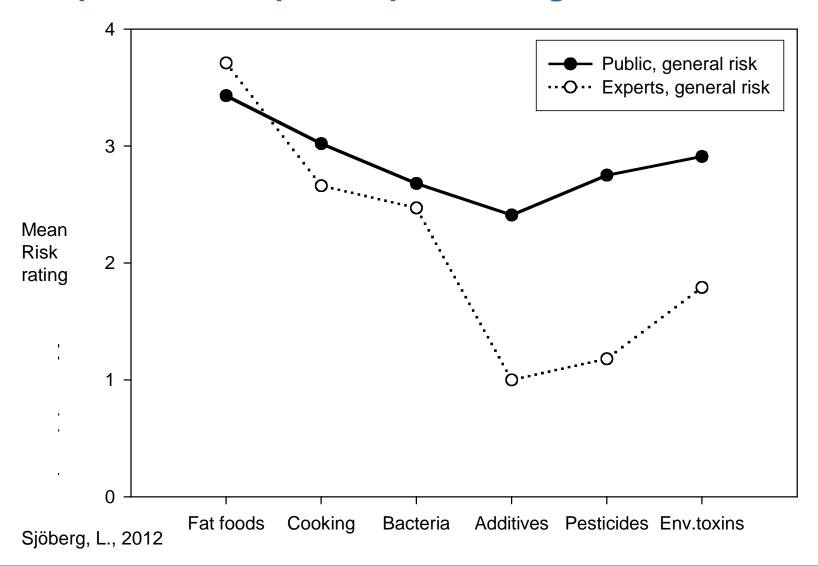
#### Stages of a campaign



- Analysis of the situation
- Problem definition
- Statement of goals and objectives



#### Experts vs. the public: perceived general food risks





#### Mental models approach

Morgan et al., 2001

Normative: What should people know?

The expert model

 Methods: Interdisciplinary literature review and interviews with an expert panel

**Descriptive:** What do people already know?

The lay person model

Methods: Qualitative interviews and quantitative survey

Prescriptive: What do people still need to know?

Identify knowledge gaps and misconceptions

Method: Compare expert and lay person model

**Evaluation:** Does the intervention work?

Method: Determine impact through randomized controlled study



## What is the problem?

### ACES

#### Drumming up the demand for novelshaped fruits



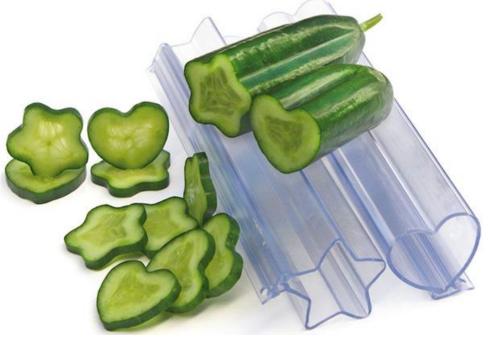


































#### The goal:

To develop more positive attitudes about these products

#### The objectives:

- 1. Uncover the factors that influence consumers' decision to purchase
- 2. Determine the messages and how they should be shaped.





#### Mental models approach

Morgan et al., 2001

#### 1. The expert model:

Interdisciplinary literature review and interviews with an expert panel

#### 2. The lay person model:

**Qualitative interviews and quantitative survey** 

3. Comparing the expert vs. lay person model:

Identify knowledge gaps and misconceptions

#### 4. Evaluation:

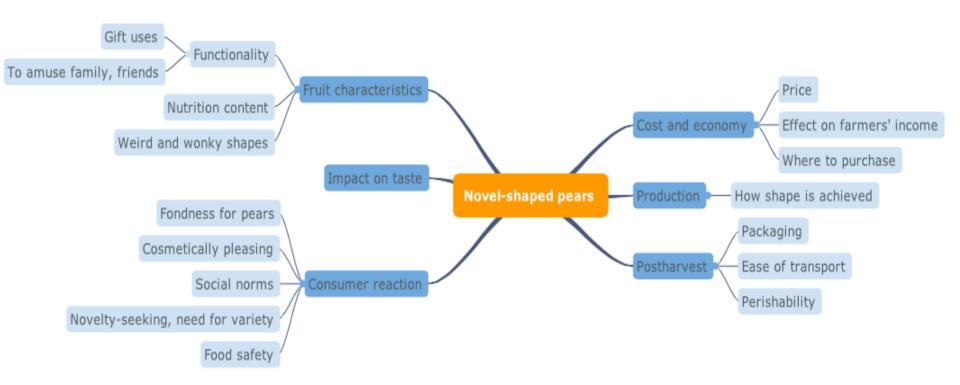
Determine impact through randomized controlled study



#### **Example: Expert's influence diagram**



#### **Example: Audience member's influence diagram**



#### **Expected output**

- 1. What are the three most important things you would like your audience to know?
- Highlight value as unique gift products despite cost.
  - Emphasize the mechanical shape-forming process (i.e., not genetically modified)
  - Nutrition content is the same as regular pears.
- 2. What are the three most important things your audience would like to know?
  - Although nonconventional, production practice is in accord with natural processes
  - Cost likely to vary according to distance from source.
- Undergoes the same safety inspection procedure regular pears.



#### **Expected output**

- 3. What are the three most important things your audience is most likely to get wrong unless they are emphasized?
  - Changes in taste due to "disrupted" development process
  - Income and/or benefits accruing to farmers
  - The economic value of niche markets

### **Message Map**

Key Message/Fact 1.	Key Message/Fact 2.	Key Message/Fact 3.
Keywords: Supporting Fact 1.1	Keywords: Supporting Fact 2.1	Keywords: Supporting Fact 3.1
Keywords: Supporting Fact 1.2	Keywords: Supporting Fact 2.2	Keywords: Supporting Fact 3.2
Keywords: Supporting Fact 1.3	Keywords: Supporting Fact 2.3	Keywords: Supporting Fact 3.3

#### Student feedback

- 1. "Strong people-orientation" demystifies initial perceptions of the "tediousness" of conducting research
- 2. Purposive methods introduce undergrads to the value of applied research
- 3. Demonstrates a research-based and systematic approach to message identification and message design



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