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Core Components of a Doctoral Program in Agricultural Communications: A Delphi National Study

Why conduct the study?



- Agricultural communicators are needed more than ever to support the industry.
- A pressing need exists to examine the agricultural communications graduate curriculum. (Sprecker and Rudd, 1998)
- For a doctoral degree, one must enter an agricultural education program and emphasize agricultural communications coursework.





Core components for secondary, undergraduate and master's degree programs exist in the literature; however, core components for a doctoral program in agricultural communications did not exist.



What did we want to know?

- To describe the panel of experts.
- To determine the core content needed within a doctoral curriculum in agricultural communications.
- To determine core competencies students would gain by completing an agricultural communications doctoral program.



- This study employed the three-round modified
 Delphi technique using Qualtrics to collect
 information.
 - Panel of Experts
 - University faculty in undergraduate agricultural communications throughout the United States (N = 22).
 - Thirteen agreed to participate (n = 13).
- Conducted in May and June 2011, the study had a 100% (n = 13) response rate throughout all rounds.



Step 1



Round 1

- Personal and professional characteristics
- Two open-ended questions
 - For this study, core content is defined as the instructional material students will be exposed to: What core content will be needed for a Ph.D. in Agricultural Communications?
 - For this study, core competencies are defined as the skills and attitudes students will obtain: What competencies will the participants achieve by participating in this program?



Panelists' Characteristics



- 13 held a Ph.D. (100%)
- 8 were professors; 4 were associate professors; 1 was an assistant professor
- 12 were tenured
- 3 held an administrative role in addition to faculty appointment
- Years of industry experience
 - Range 1 to 36 years (M = 7.26; SD = 13.09)
- Years of higher education experience
 - Range 4 to 36 years (M = 17.85; SD = 9.24)



Step 2



Round 2

- 112 core content items and 120 core competency items identified by panelists in Round 1 were edited to provide list of 60 core content and 59 core competency items
- Panelists indicated their level of agreement with each item on a six-point scale (strongly disagree to strongly agree)



Step 3



Round 3

- 58 core content and 58 core competency items reached agreement from Round 2
- Panelists indicated their level of agreement with each item on a six-point scale (strongly disagree to strongly agree)



Communications Knowledge

- Change theory beyond diffusion
- Communication theories
- Human communication theory
- Practical understanding of mass communications
- Public opinion processes
- Public relations
- **Reasoning** on an individual and community level
- Rhetorical theory and criticism



Agricultural Knowledge and News

- Agricultural knowledge of **policy and current** events
- Characteristics of news
- History and philosophies of agricultural communications and general media
- Media influence and **global issues** in food, agriculture, and communications
- Understanding connections between agricultural communications and its related disciplines
- Understanding of business, environmental policy, and science



- Assertiveness
- Conflict and content management
- Ethics
- Facilitation
- Leadership and supervision
- Listening
- Management of people, processes, media, and resources
- Moving audience segments from information intake to knowledge development to sensemaking
- Oral communication skills

- Organizing and planning
- Relationship building: people skills
- Risk and crisis management
- Setting goals and objectives
- Strategic planning and visioning
- Team building
- Visualization



Media

- Basic concepts of **photography**
- Campaign development
- Emerging tools
- Layout and principles of **design**
- Social media (new media)
- Use of **technologies** and innovations
- Video and audio production

Research

- **Evaluation methods** for focus groups and needs assessments
- **Qualitative and quantitative research** methods
- Research: **survey** design, survey errors, data analysis, data management, and process
- Scale development: constructs and anchors
- **Statistical analysis**: bi-variate, descriptive, inferential, multi-variate, non-parametric, parametric
 - Statistics: social science



Teaching and Education

- Adult education
- Educational philosophy and theory
- Grantsmanship
- Instructional design
- University-level teaching: methods, application of, learning and development, andragogy and pedagogy

Writing

- Accurate, accepted rules of style and usage such as AP and APA
- Writing and editing: research, technical, scientific, journalistic, and media





Agricultural Knowledge and News

- Agricultural, agricultural policy, and science literacy and knowledge
- Analysis of agricultural issues
- Create knowledge useful to those employed in the realm of agriculture
- Technical agriculture and agriculture science

Communications Knowledge

- Develop strategic and tactical communication plans
- Understand how communication affects agriculture



Employability

- Apply their knowledge
- Ask questions
- Collaborate
- Critical thinking
- Develop industry partnerships
- Interpersonal communication
- Interviewing skills
- Manage time, manage multiple tasks at one time, focus, and live a balanced life
- Networking

- Oral communication skills
- Presentation development
- Professional development
- Public speaking





- Computer technology
- Design a media campaign
- Digital video and audio techniques
- Evaluate media products
- Media relations
- Photography
- Social media
- Visual design theory
- Web design theory and processes



Research

- Audience analysis and measurement
- **Conduct original research** studies using experimental design, case studies, content analysis, focus groups, and survey research
- Independently design, compile, analyze, and report social science information
- Know how to use theory for inquiry
- Publish original research

- Qualitative and quantitative research methodology
- Research design
- Research identification, planning and development
- Statistics: interpret and data analysis
- Survey research
- Theory development



Teaching and Education

- Efficiently and effectively design and deliver graduate and undergraduate courses that maximize student learning
- Fundraising and grant seeking skills
- Higher education **policy and procedures**
- Message analysis: effectiveness, presentation, readability
- Syllabi design and project rubrics
- Teach a variety of learning styles
- Teaching effectiveness

Writing

- AP Style
- Critique articles for both scholarly and journalistic print publications
- Editing processes
- Public relations writing, processes, and planning
- Write effectively for public forums, news, journals, journalistic, professional, and technical



What now?



- Research should be conducted to determine if a doctoral program in agricultural communications is needed.
- Institutions where agricultural communications curriculum is offered should consider developing doctoral curriculum based on the findings of this study.
- Doctoral students should be encouraged to take courses
 outside of their home departments to seek the core content
 and competencies to make them more employable.
- Institutions planning to implement curriculum for a doctoral program should collaborate to take advantage of expertise across the nation.

