

Thank You School of Food Science Faculty!





Why Map and Assess?

- Align curriculum content and learning outcomes
- Compare planned and operational curriculum
- Determine gaps and redundancies
- Determine student competency in discipline
- Follow student progression through curriculum
- Determine what changes are needed



What Is Curriculum Mapping?

- Visual representation of curriculum
 - What is taught?
 - When is it taught?
 - How is it taught?
 - What is learned?
- Cyclical process
- Faculty input needed



What Is Curriculum Assessment?

- Check alignment between
 - Curriculum learning goals
 - Curriculum content
- Reviews curriculum as a whole
 - Multiple assessments needed
 - Good to assess over several years
 - Look at ALL curriculum activities



Image from drjessicalee.wordpress.com

- Direct: assess student performance
 - Requires performance standards
- Indirect: assess opinions and attitudes



What Is Curriculum Assessment?

- Direct
 - Homework
 - Quizzes
 - Papers
 - Presentations
 - Projects
 - Portfolios
 - Exams



Indirect

- Course evaluations
- Exit surveys
- Interviews
- Focus groups





Images from www.homeorganizeit.com; chattlibrary.org

SFS Curriculum Mapping

- Revised curriculum learning outcomes
- Used Institute of Food Technologists Core Competencies
 - Greater mapping precision
 - Competency coverage required for accreditation
- Created coverage and depth of coverage maps
 - Food Science option
 - Dairy Management option
- Did NOT include assessments in each course
- Did NOT include method of teaching



SFS Curriculum Mapping

- Depth of competency categories
 - Introduction (I)
 - Developing (D)
 - Mastery (M)
- Determine ingoing and outgoing competency levels through meetings with faculty

	FR Course	SO Course	JR Course 1	JR Course 2	SR Course 1	SR Course 2
CLO 1	$I \rightarrow D$		$D \rightarrow D$			$D \rightarrow M$
CLO 2		$I \rightarrow D$	$D \rightarrow D$			
CLO 3	$ \rightarrow $	$I \rightarrow D$		$D \rightarrow M$		D → M



SFS Curriculum Mapping

- Look for courses that do not align with curriculum learning outcomes
- Look for coverage gaps and redundancies

		FR Course	SO Course	JR Course 1	JR Course 2	SR Course 1	SR Course 2
Gap?	CLO 1	I→D		$D \rightarrow D$			$D \rightarrow M$
	CLO 2		$I \rightarrow D$	D→D			
	CLO 3	$ \rightarrow $	I→D		D→M		D→M

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SFS Curriculum Maps

Course progression in curriculum



Dark color, increased mastery





SFS Curriculum Mapping Findings

- General alignment with IFT Core Competencies
- No major gaps or redundancies (coverage in 20-75% of courses)
- Most courses (86%) require oral and/or written presentations
 - Variety?
 - Development between courses?
- Encourage more content application coverage
- Most courses (83%) included critical thinking components
 - Depth unclear
 - Amount of coverage unclear



SFS Curriculum Assessment

- Used 4 selected IFT Core Competencies
 - More targeted assessment
 - Limited data collection time
- Direct assessment of 4 courses
 - Core Food Science knowledge
 - Application to real-world problems
 - Oral and written presentation skills
- Worked with faculty to set benchmarks, collect and analyze data





SFS Curriculum Assessment Findings

- Students have good mastery of core Food Science concepts
 - Average score ≥80% on engineering assessment
- Students have trouble applying concepts
 Average score of 58.5% on assessment
- Students have good oral and written presentation skills
 - Average score ≥90% on oral and written assessments
- Number of students assessed varied from 16-25



Putting It All Together: Recommendations

- No major curriculum or course changes needed
- Incorporate more critical thinking and application exercises into courses
- Increase diversity of writing assignments
- Develop better assessment plan
- Develop reporting and storage plan for mapping and assessment data
- Keep it going!



SFS Future Plans

- Review map every 2-3 years and determine curriculum changes
- Develop full curriculum assessment plan
 - 3-year cyclical plan
 - Assesses all curriculum learning outcomes
 - Follows students over several years
 - Uses indirect and direct assessments





Main Takeaways

- Faculty should be involved
- Assessment is key piece of mapping process
- Make changes with caution
- Be sure to close the loop!
- Maps should be living documents



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